

General Description

The EASY242 is an all-round very high performance PLC kernel. It covers the powerful CoDeSys PLC runtime system, a CANopen master and the Serial Graphic Interface (SGI) as an interface to visualization panels in one device. This gives an optimized platform for realizing OEM control systems and operator panel controls. Its small form factor allows the module to be easily inserted into target hardware.

PLC

The implemented PLC runtime system is programmable with the (3S) CoDeSys Software. It is one of the most powerful IEC 61131-3 programming tools for controllers' applications for Windows. All five languages of this standard are supported, plus a graphic editor for freehand FBD (function block diagram). CoDeSys produces native machine code for the EASY242 based CPU.

CANopen

The EASY242 supports two CANopen interfaces, that work independent from each other. Both interfaces supports either CANopen master or slave functionality. The on board CAN transceiver for the first channel allows direct connection to a CAN bus line according to ISO11898. For opto isolated CAN applications, the CAN transceiver may be bypassed.

Visualization

One of the serial channels can be configured as Serial Graphic Interface (SGI) in order to connect a visualization panel of the VISU-Pxxx series. With this panels a peripheral operator interface, that is also programmed with the CoDeSys development environment, can be added to the system. So the EASY242 is the perfect solution to realize OEM control systems with operator interface.

Communication

Four asynchronous serial interfaces (RS232 / TTL) provide communications with several external components, PCs, scanners, machines etc.

The communication from the EASY242 to the CoDeSys programming tools, running on a PC, will be done with the RS232 interface. This allows online debugging, and in circuit programming.



Top View

Interrupt

There are four dedicated external interrupt input pins, and 8 digital inputs with additional interrupt capabilities for providing direct interrupt usage from within IEC61131 applications.

I/O and special features

16 digital inputs, 8 analog or digital inputs and 16 digital outputs with several special functions are realized on this module.

There are several additional features provided with the I/O pins:

Three pairs of input pins may be used for direct connection of encoders with tracks A and B. One additional channel provides hardware counting features with direction control. The encoder channels may also be configured as event counter input pins.

A data bus extension unit gives great flexibility to expand the system with any types of peripherals just like Memory, LCDs etc. Access from within IEC61131 applications is done with a special library.

You need more ??

Customer specific features, libraries or firmware extensions are available on request.

Features

The following Chapters describe the main features of the EASY242 PLC core module. Additional features and libraries are available on request.

PLC features

- High speed 16 bit CPU kernel
2000 IEC commands per millisecond
- IEC 61131-3 programmable
with CoDeSys development environment
- Powerful preemptive multi tasking operating
system. 8 CoDeSys application tasks.
- Memory
2 MByte PLC application code memory
512 kByte PLC application data memory
16 kByte of EEPROM memory in order to
enable storing of non volatile data.
- Real Time Clock
- 16 digital input lines (TTL)
- 8 digital input lines (TTL) with additional
analog conversion (10 bit Resolution)
- 16 digital output lines (TTL)

CANopen features

The EASY242 supports two completely independent CANopen interfaces that can be configured to work as a CANopen master or slave.

- CANopen master according to
DS301 Version 4
DSP302 Version 3.0
DSP405 Version 2.0
- Up to 32 CANopen slaves supported
- Slave configuration with EDS files directly
with CoDeSys PLC programming tool.
- CANopen slave according to
DS401 Version 2.1
- Up to 250 Transmit PDOs (master mode)
Up to 16 Transmit PDOs (slave mode)
- Up to 250 Receive PDOs (master mode)
Up to 16 Receive PDOs (slave mode)
- Dynamic PDO mapping
- Variable PDO Identifier
- Node guarding, Life guarding, Heartbeat
- Sync
- Emergency reporting for PLC application
- Client SDO transfer for PLC application
- Baud rate up to 1 MBaud
- CAN bus ISO11898 transceiver 82C251

VISU features

- Powerful CoDeSys target visualization with
peripheral VISU-Pxxx series of operator
panels.
- In system Serial Graphic Interface (SGI) Driver
- External Graphic Controller reduces system
load caused by visualization to a minimum.
- Support of multiple predefined graphic
objects like lines, rectangles, buttons,
bitmaps etc.
- Several fonts and text sizes.
- Support of Unicode16 characters.
- Support for different languages using the
CoDeSys .xml file based language switching.
- Connection to operator panel with any serial
interface possible.
- Baud rate up to 115200 Baud

Bus Interface

- Bus Extension unit for additional intelligent
peripherals.
- 4 Chip Select lines for 8 bit peripherals
with an address space of 64 kByte each
- Built in library for bus access.

Interrupt features

- Interrupt processing for IEC61131 tasks
- 4 separated interrupt input lines
- 8 of the digital input lines with additional
interrupt features.
- Programmable edge sensitivity for all
interrupt channels:
rising, falling or both edges
- Programmable priority level for each channel
with 30 interrupt levels

Encoder Interface

- Integrated incremental encoder interface
with 4 channels.
- Direct connection of 2 track encoder types
- Event counter mode optional
- 32 Bit count values
- Built in library for complete encoder control

Serial Interfaces

- 1 serial programming interface RS232 for connection to the CoDeSys development environment.
57600 baud, no parity, 8 data bits ,
1 stop bit
- 1 additional serial RS232 interface
- 3 additional serial TTL interfaces
programmable baud rates up to 115200.
- Each of the additional interface ports can be used as an SGI interface port to a visualization panel.

Additional features

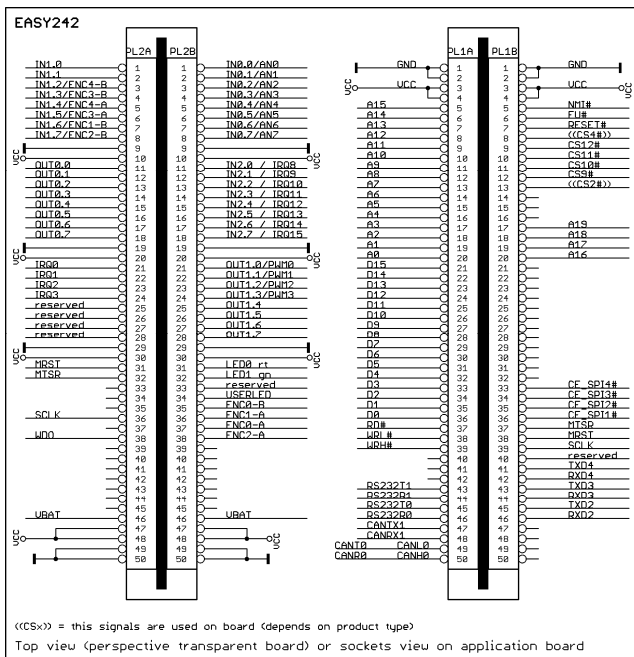
- Temperature range 0°-70° (other on request)
- Package FBESmartModule (64mm x 54mm)

Customer features

Additional library features or OEM versions with own CoDeSys target file are available on request.
Do not hesitate to contact us.

Pin Assignment

This view shows the pinning and the headers position as they are used on an application board.



See attachment for enlarged figure

Pin Listing

Header PL1A		
Pin No.	Pin Name	Funktion
1, 2	GND	Ground
3, 4	VCC	5V Power Supply
5 to 20	A15 to A0	Address lines A15-A0 for external extensions
21 to 36	D15 to D0	Data lines for external extensions
37	RD#	Read Signal for external extensions
38	WRL#	Write Low Signal for external extensions
39	WRH#	Write High Signal for external extensions
40 to 42	Nc	Not connected
43	RS232T1	Asynchronous Interface 1 Transmitter (RS232)
44	RS232R1	Asynchronous Interface 1 Receiver (RS232)
45	RS232T0	Asynchronous Interface 0 Transmitter (RS232)
46	RS232R0	Asynchronous Interface 0 Receiver (RS232)
47	CANTX1	CAN Interface Transmitter Not supported
48	CANRX1	CAN Interface Receiver Not supported
49	CANL0 / CANTX0	J8 (1-2): CAN-LOW signal for ISO11898 CAN-Bus On board CAN transceiver enabled J8 (2-3): Signal CAN Tx (transmit) On board CAN transceiver not used
50	CANH0 / CANRX0	J7 (1-2): CAN-HIGH signal for ISO11898 CAN-Bus On board CAN transceiver enabled J7 (2-3): Signal CAN Rx (receive) On board CAN transceiver not used

Header PL1A		
Pin No.	Pin Name	Funktion
45	RS232T0	Asynchronous Interface 0 Transmitter (RS232)
46	RS232R0	Asynchronous Interface 0 Receiver (RS232)
47	CANTX1	CAN Interface Transmitter Not supported
48	CANRX1	CAN Interface Receiver Not supported
49	CANL0 / CANTX0	J8 (1-2): CAN-LOW signal for ISO11898 CAN-Bus <i>On board CAN transceiver enabled</i> J8 (2-3): Signal CAN Tx (transmit) <i>On board CAN transceiver not used</i>
50	CANH0 / CANRX0	J7 (1-2): CAN-HIGH signal for ISO11898 CAN-Bus <i>On board CAN transceiver enabled</i> J7 (2-3): Signal CAN Rx (receive) <i>On board CAN transceiver not used</i>

Header PL1B		
Pin No.	Pin Name	Funktion
1, 2	GND	Ground
3, 4	VCC	5V Power Supply
5	NMI#	Non-Maskable Interrupt
6	BOOT#	Boots Trap Loader Input (active low)
7	RESET#	Reset in- or output
8	CS4#	Reserved
9 to 12	CS12# to CS9#	External Chip Select 12 to external Chip Select 9
13 to 16	nc	Not connected
17 to 20	A19 to A16	Address lines A19-A16
21 to 32	nc	Not connected
33 to 36	CE_SPI4# to CE_SPI1#	Chip select lines for external SPI bus extensions. Reserved for future use and OEM versions
37	MTSR	- Synchronous serial interface Master transmit Slave receive
38	MRST	- Synchronous serial interface Master receive Slave transmit
39	SCLK	- Synchronous serial interface Shift clock in- or output
40	reserved	Reserved for future use
41	TXD4	Asynchronous Interface 4 transmitter (TTL level)
42	RXD4	Asynchronous Interface 4 receiver (TTL level)
43	TXD3	Asynchronous Interface 3 transmitter (TTL level)
44	RXD3	Asynchronous Interface 3 receiver (TTL level)
45	TXD2	Asynchronous Interface 2 transmitter (TTL level)
46	RXD2	Asynchronous Interface 2 receiver (TTL level)
47 to 50	nc	Not connected

Header PL2A		
Pin No.	Pin Name	Funktion
1	IN1.0	Digital input Byte 1 Bit 0
2	IN1.1	Digital input Byte 1 Bit 1
3	IN1.2	- Digital input Byte 1 Bit 2
4	IN1.3 / ENC3-B	- Digital input Byte 1 Bit 3 or - input of encoder 3 track B
5	IN1.4	- Digital input Byte 1 Bit 4
6	IN1.5 / ENC3-A	- Digital input Byte 1 Bit 5 or - input of encoder 3 track A
7	IN1.6 / ENC1-B	- Digital input Byte 1 Bit 6 or - input of encoder 1 track B
8	IN1.7 / ENC2-B	- Digital input Byte 1 Bit 7 - input of encoder 2 track B
9	GND	Ground
10	VCC	5V Power Supply
11 to 18	OUT0.0 to OUT0.7	Digital output Byte 0 bit 0..7
19	GND	Ground
20	VCC	5V Power Supply
21 to 24	IRQ0 to IRQ3	External interrupt request input 0 .. 3
25 to 28	reserved	Reserved for future use
29	GND	Ground
30	VCC	5V Power Supply
31	MRST	Synchronous serial inter-face Master receive Slave transmit
32	MTSR	Synchronous serial inter-face Master transmit Slave receive
33 to 35	nc	Not connected
36	SCLK	Synchronous serial interface Shift clock in- or output
37	nc	Not connected
38	WDO	Watchdog output
39 to 45	nc	Not connected
46	VRTC	Battery power supply input of Real Time Clock
47,48	VCC	5V Power Supply
49, 50	GND	Ground

Header PL2B		
Pin No.	Pin Name	Funktion
1 to 8	IN0.0 to IN0.7 / AN0 to AN7	- Digital input byte 0 bit 0..7 - Analog input 0..7
9	GND	Ground
10	VCC	5V Power Supply
11 to 18	IN2.0 to IN2.7 / IRQ8 to IRQ15	- Digital input byte 2 bit 0..7 - Interrupt 8..15
19	GND	Ground
20	VCC	5V Power Supply
21 to 24	OUT1.0 to OUT1.3 / PWM0 to PWM3	- Digital output Byte 1 bit 0..3 - PWM output 0 .. 3
25 to 28	OUT1.4 to OUT1.7	- Digital output Byte 1 bit 4..7
29	GND	Ground
30	VCC	5V Power Supply
31,32	LED0, LED1	- Status indication LED output
33	reserved	Reserved for future use
34	USERLED, SPI-CS0	LED output with user defined indication or CS0 for SPI-Device
35	ENC0-B	input of encoder 0 track B
36	ENC1-A	input of encoder 1 track A
37	ENC0-A	input of encoder 0 track A
38	ENC2-A	input of encoder 2 track A
39 to 45	nc	Not connected
46	VRTC	Battery power supply input of Real Time Clock
47,48	VCC	5V Power Supply
49, 50	GND	Ground

Pin Description

All Pins of the device in exception Power-, RS232- and CAN-Pins, work with 5V logic levels. The ranges of the analog inputs are also 0V to +5V. All ground signals are connected to module ground.

All input / output pins are high impedance during reset. The EASY242 does not support internal pull up/down resistors. Use external components where needed. All digital input pins have Schmitt trigger characteristics. See chapter "Typical Applications" for additional information.

Also many of the in- or outputs have an alternative special function that depends on setting of the selected hardware configuration. So see also chapter "Hardware Configuration" for details.

RESET#: Reset input/output pin

The on board reset chip does the power up reset. It pulls the RESET# line low. So it is possible to reset external components during power up using this signal.

The reset pin may also be used as reset input. For a correct device reset by external components, provide a low level longer than 50 ms to the input RESET#.

Note: Do never drive a high level to the RESET#. This may cause permanent damage to the device. Use a push button or an open drain driver for this condition.

IN0.0 to IN2.7: Input pins

In default operation mode this pins are digital inputs with a range from 0V to VCC (TTL-level). They all use internal Schmitt trigger circuits. The function of several input lines (IN0.0 to IN0.7 and IN1.2 to IN1.6) depend on setting of the selected hardware-configuration. See also "analog inputs" and "incremental encoder channels".

AN0 to AN7: Analog Inputs

This inputs are alternative functions of the digital inputs IN0.0 to IN0.7. The resolution of each analog input is 10Bit by the maximum input voltage range from 0V to +5V. For using these analog inputs they must be activated by selection of the corresponding hardware-configuration. See also chapter "Hardware Configuration" for details.

ENC0 to ENC3: Incremental encoder channels

The encoder inputs are alternative functions of the digital inputs. An incremental encoder must be connected to both track inputs (A and B) of the selected channel for correct up/down counter function. To enable these input lines for encoder channels, they must be activated by selection of the corresponding hardware-configuration.

OUT0.0 to OUT1.7: Digital output pins

In default operation mode this pins are used as digital output lines with TTL-levels. All output pins are high impedance during reset. The function of any alternative Output (OUT1.0 to OUT1.3) depends on setting of the selected hardware-configuration.

WDO: Watchdog Output

This pin toggles if the CPU is running and might be used to trigger an external watchdog timer in order to support output shut off in case of critical errors.

PWM0 to PWM1: Pulse wide modulation

Reserved for future use. The PWM outputs are alternative functions of the digital outputs OUT1.0 to OUT1.3 with the same voltage and current range.

IRQ0 to IRQ3, IRQ8 to IRQ15: External interrupt request inputs

The interrupt request input allows the user to run real-time functions with a high priority. An interrupt starts with changing the input level. All Interrupts are edge triggered. The edge, rising or falling, that starts an interrupt, can be set by software configuration.

NMI#: Non mask able interrupt inputs

There is no function realized in the runtime system this time. Leave this Pin open. An on board pull up resistor is implemented. (Reserved for future use)

D0 to D15 / A0 to A19: data / address lines

Data bus lines and Address lines of the PLC core controller.

RD#, WRL#, WRH#: Read write control lines

Data bus control signals of the PLC core controller

CSx: Chip select lines

Chip Select lines for data bus extensions of the PLC core controller.

External bus unit

Ax, Dx, CSx, RD#, WRH# and WRL# are pins of the external bus unit for external extensions like RAM's and display drivers in example. The runtime system provides functions for external bus access.

FU#: Firmware Update

A low level during the reset at this pin activates the boots trap mode of the device. In boots trap mode, the asynchronous serial interface 0 (RS232T0 and RS232R0) are used for the in circuit firmware update. For normal operation, the FU# pin must be not connected or pulled to a high level (VCC). Make sure, that FU# is at high level during reset for normal operation.

The update may be done with a COM-Port from a PC/Notebook and an update tool (FLASHJET) from the manufacturer of EASY242. For the correct connection to the PC/Notebook and the firmware update, see also the pin description of "Programming Interface" in this Chapter.

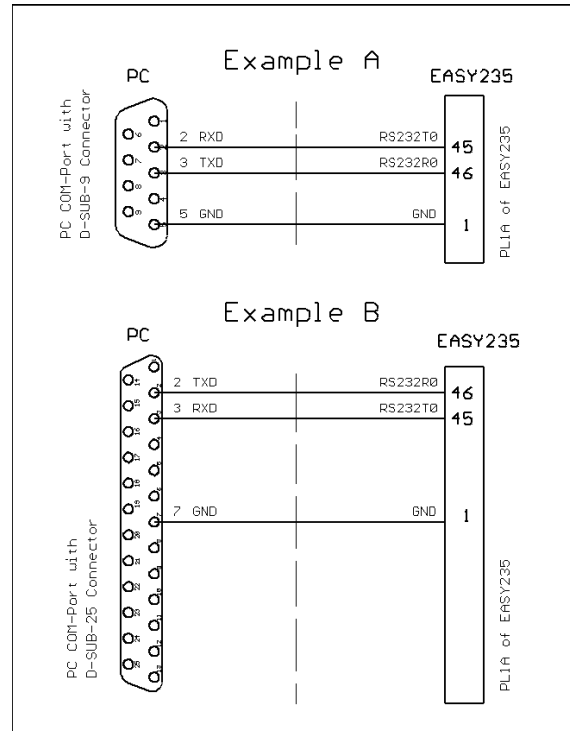
RS232T0, RS232R0: Programming Interface

RS232T0 and RS232R0 is the transmitter and receiver pins of the asynchronous serial interface that is fixed used for the software development, visualization or firmware update. The pin RS232T0 and RS232R0 are driven by an on board RS232-transceiver and uses RS232-level referenced to common ground (GND). So if you need a connection to a PC COM-Port, you need only a null modem connection like it is shown by the followed figure

Software Developing Mode (normal operation): The Interface provides serial communication between the EASY242 and the CoDeSys development tool, running on a PC/Notebook. Setup the connection between CoDeSys and the EASY242 to 57600 baud, 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit.

Firmware Update: This interface also is used for the firmware update with the same null modem connection.

Null-Modem connection:



Use the Software FlashJet2 for downloading the new firmware to the EASY242's Flash memory.

The FlashJet2 software uses the EASY242's integrated boots trap loader. For activation of the boot mode, the Pin 6 of PL1B (FU#) must be pulled down to GND during reset.

Steps for download:

- 1) Connect your application board to a serial interface of your PC.
- 2) Provide power supply to your application board
- 3) Start FlashJet2 software on your PC
- 4) Select file to download
- 5) Pull down signal BOOT# to GND level
- 6) Reset EASY242
- 7) Start download on FlashJet software
- 8) After download remove GND level from signal BOOT#
- 9) After the next reset the EASY242 will start the downloaded firmware version.

Download the FlashJet2 software from our web site www.frenzel-berg.de for free.

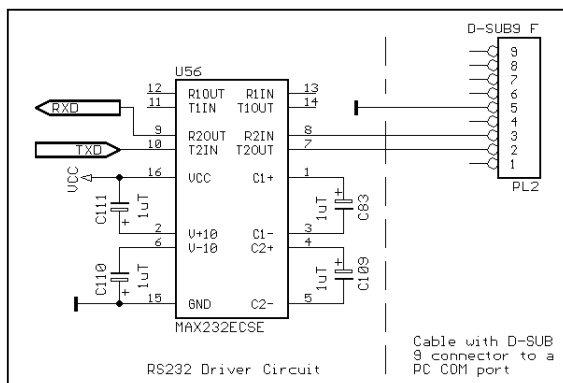
RS232T1, RS232R1: Serial interface 1

The serial interface 1 has the same functions as the serial interfaces 2 to 4. There is only one different point. There is an on board RS232-Tranceiver for Interface 1. The same as prescribed with the programming interface. Interface 2 to 4 uses TTL-level.

TXDx, RXDx: Serial interface 2 to 4

The asynchronous serial interface 1 to 4 provides serial communication between the EASY242 and other devices. The interface 1 to 4 supports full-duplex asynchronous communication up to 115,2 Kbaud.

With exception of interface 1, all signals of these pins have TTL-levels. So if you need a connection to a PC or another RS232 device, you need an external RS232 driver circuit as shown in the following figure.



Note: The runtime system is using the interrupt mode of these interfaces. So the interrupt output jumpers J3 to J6 have to be closed (factory setting). Do not open this jumper.

MRST, MTSR, SCLK: High-Speed Synchronous Serial Interface

The High-Speed Synchronous Serial Interface SSC provides flexible high-speed communication between the EASY242 and other devices like microcontrollers, I/O-Chips, ADC/DAC's and more. The SSC supports full-duplex and half-duplex communication up to 5 MBaud. The serial clock signal can be generated by the SSC itself (master mode) or be received from an external master (slave mode). This allows communication with SPI compatible devices.

Note: This is a general description of the possibilities using the interface. The functions, which were realised in the device, must be given by the manufacturers firmware. User specific functions can be realized on request. See chapter "Hardware Configuration" for the implemented standard function.

CANH, CANL CAN Interface

The CAN Bus with its associated protocol allows communication between a number of stations which are connected to this bus with high efficiency. (Transfer speed up to 1 MBaud)

s the CANopen protocol standard with full master functionality.

The on board CAN transceiver can be used or not, depending on the setting of Jumper J7 and J8.

EASY242 without using the CAN transceiver:

EASY242 without using the CAN transceiver:

In case without using the on board CAN transceiver, a user specific (opto isolated) CAN driver circuit may be realised on the application board. Therefore the Jumpers J7 and J8 have to be set to position 2-3. In this condition the CANH pin is connected to signal CANRX and CANL to CANTX (TTL level).

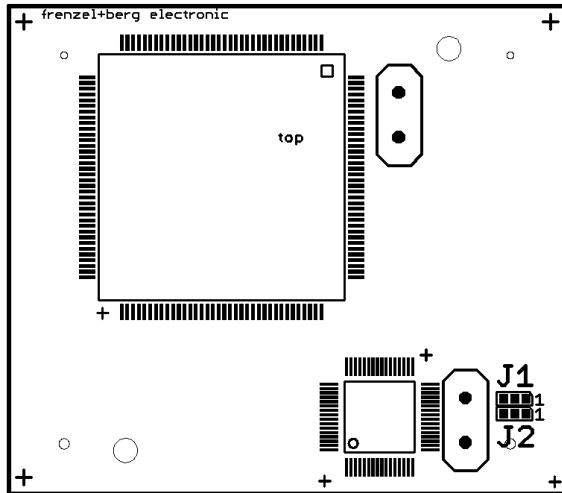
EASY242 with using the CAN transceiver:

By using the on board CAN transceiver it is possible to connect the board directly to a two wire CAN bus associated to ISO11898.

Note: It is not allowed to set the Jumper J7 or J8 in position 1-2-3 same times. This might cause permanent damage to the device.

Jumper-Setting

Jumper	Setting	Prescription
J1	1-2	CAN-Transceiver line CANLO of CAN0 is connected to PL1A Pin 49
	3-2	CANTxD TTL line of CAN0 is connected to PL1A Pin 49
J2	1-2	CAN-Transceiver line CANHO of CAN0 is connected to PL1A Pin 50
	3-2	CANRxD TTL line of CAN0 is connected to PL1A Pin 50



top view

Memory

The following table shows the memory that is available for the PLC application program and data

PLC	Memory IEC program	Memory IEC data
EASY242	2 MByte	512 kByte

Handling the Device

Preventing latch up

The EASY242 is a CMOS device and may suffer latch up under the following conditions:

- 1) A voltage higher than VCC or lower than GND is applied to any pin.
- 2) Absolute maximum ratings are exceeded

Handling of unused Pins

Do not leave unused input pins open. This might cause malfunction of the device.

Power Supply Pins

Make sure that all ground and power supply pins are connected to the same potential. Connect at least two ceramic capacitors of 100 nF and a tantalum capacitor of 1 μ F between VCC and GND as close as possible to the device.

Output pins

All input pins are high impedance. All output pins for digital signals have a push/pull driver while PLC is running. But they are also high impedance during reset.

Pull up/down resistors

The EASY242 does not support internal pull up/down resistors. Use external components where needed.

Development Environment

For software development and software test the CoDeSys programming tool must be connected to the destination hardware via COM-port. Debugging, Tracing and more then can be done online. For such an environment, the following conditions must be met.

**For the serial connection the serial interface setup of CoDeSys must use:
57600 baud, no parity, 8 data bits , 1 stop bit**

Note: If CoDeSys is already installed on your PC/Notebook start installation with Point 2).

System requirements:

MS Windows 95, Windows NT 4.0 or later
32 MB RAM, Hard disc required: 25MB
CD-ROM drive

- 1) Installation of CoDeSys development tool on your PC/Notebook.
 - Insert CoDeSys compact disk into the CD-ROM drive.
 - If setup boots not automatically, open CD-drive in the windows explorer. In explorer double-click SETUP.EXE.
 - Follow the instructions that appear on your screen.

- 2) Install EASY242 targets and libraries from CD to your PC / Notebook.
 - Insert compact disk with targets and libraries into CD-ROM drive.
 - With CoDeSys installation the "Install Targets" program was installed.
 - Start "Install Targets" program.
 - Then press button OPEN (öffnen) and open the target information file *.tnf from the directory *Targets* on CD.
 - Target must now shown in the left window. Do not change the path of targets destination. So the entry looks like the following example:
"C:\CoDeSys\Targets\FBE"
 - At last select the target in the left window and press button INSTALL (installieren).
 - The right window shows the installed targets.

Using EASY242 stand-alone:

- 3) For using EASY242 stand-alone with CoDeSys development tool, you must connect the asynchronous interface 0 of EASY242 to a COM-port of the PC. Therefore you have to use a null modem connection as shown in chapter "Programming Interface" of this manual. In addition with a 5V power supply, connected to the Pins VCC and GND, the development environment is ready to start.

Using EASY242 with M167-EVA-Board:

- 3) For using EASY242 on the M167-EVA Evaluation board with the CoDeSys development tool, you must connect the header PCOM0 of the evaluation board to a COM-port of the PC with a Null-Modem cable.

Null-Modem cable:

M167-EVA (PCOM0)		PC COM-port (D-SUB 9)	PC COM-port (D-SUB 25)
Pin 2	-	Pin 3	Pin 2
Pin 3	-	Pin 2	Pin 3
Pin 5	-	Pin 5	Pin 7

After the asynchronous interface is connected, the power supply of the evaluation board may be plugged in. The development environment is ready to start. For details of the evaluation board, refer to 'Users Manual M167-EVA'.

Using EASY242 with your own application:

- 3) If you need the in-circuit programming in your application, it must be able to connect the serial interface 0 to a PC/Notebook. In example, place a plug for the interface on your application. In addition place a switch or a jumper, if in-circuit firmware update must be done in future time. (See the pin description "FU#" for details).

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses greater than those listed parameters may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation should be restricted to recommended operation conditions. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended times may affect reliability.

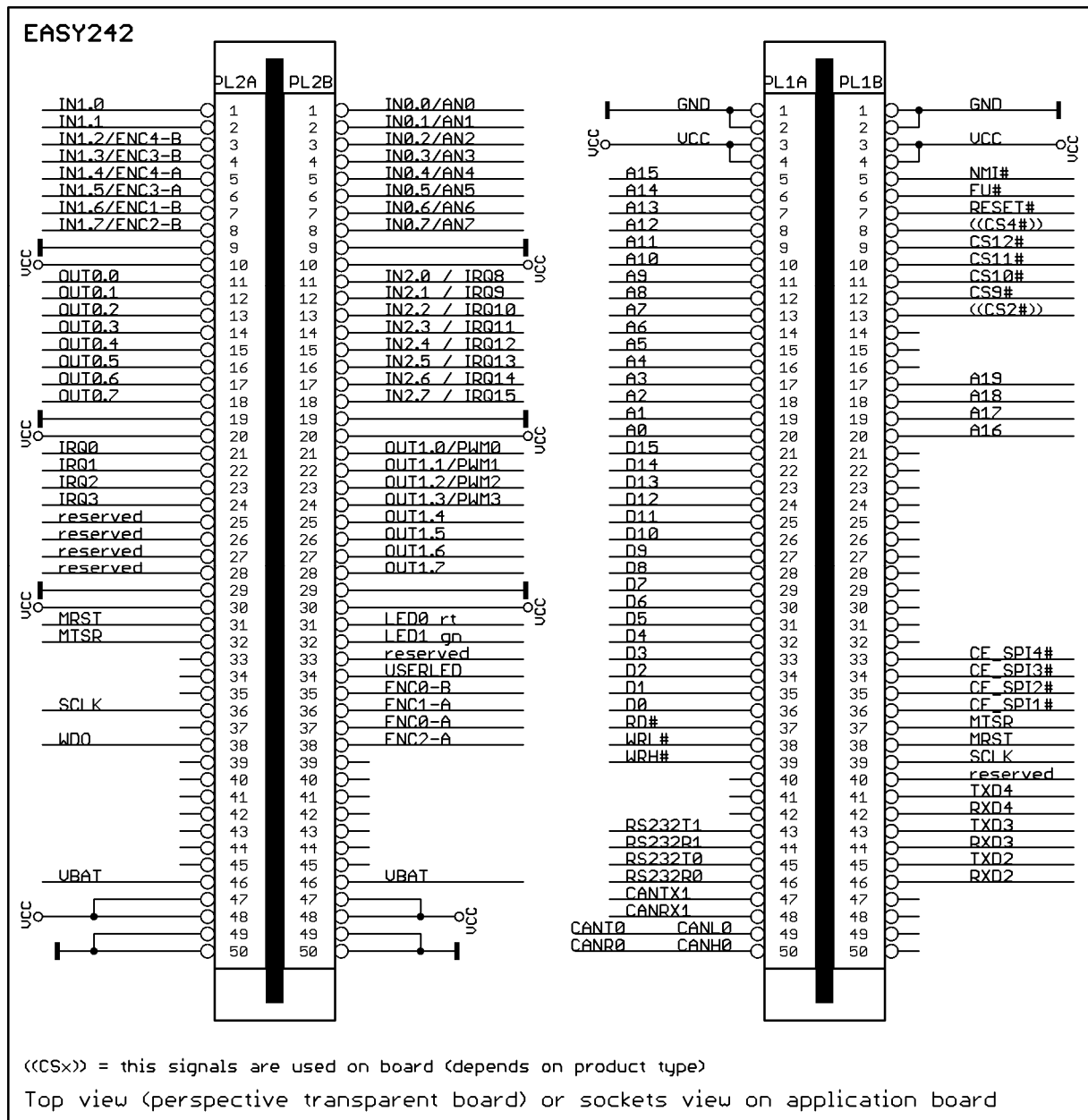
Parameter	Symbol	Rated Value		Units	Remarks
		Min.	Max.		
Power supply voltage	VCC	VSS – 0.3	VSS + 6.0	V	
Analog power supply voltage	AVCC	VSS – 0.3	VCC	V	
Analog reference voltage	AVREF	VSS – 0.3	VCC	V	
Input voltage	Vi	VSS – 0.3	VSS + 6.0	V	Vi < VCC + 0.3V
Output voltage	Vo	VSS – 0.3	VSS + 6.0	V	Vo < VCC + 0.3V
L level maximum output current	IOLMAX			mA	Time < 20 msec
L level maximum output current	IOL			mA	
H level maximum output current	IOHMAX			mA	Time < 20 msec
H level maximum output current	IOH			mA	
Maximum Power dissipation	P _{MAX}			mW	
Operating temperature	TA	0	+70	°C	Standard temperature version
	TA	-40	+85	°C	Extended temperature version
	TA	-40	+105	°C	On request
Storing temperature	TA	-55	+150	°C	

Recommended Operation Conditions and Characteristics

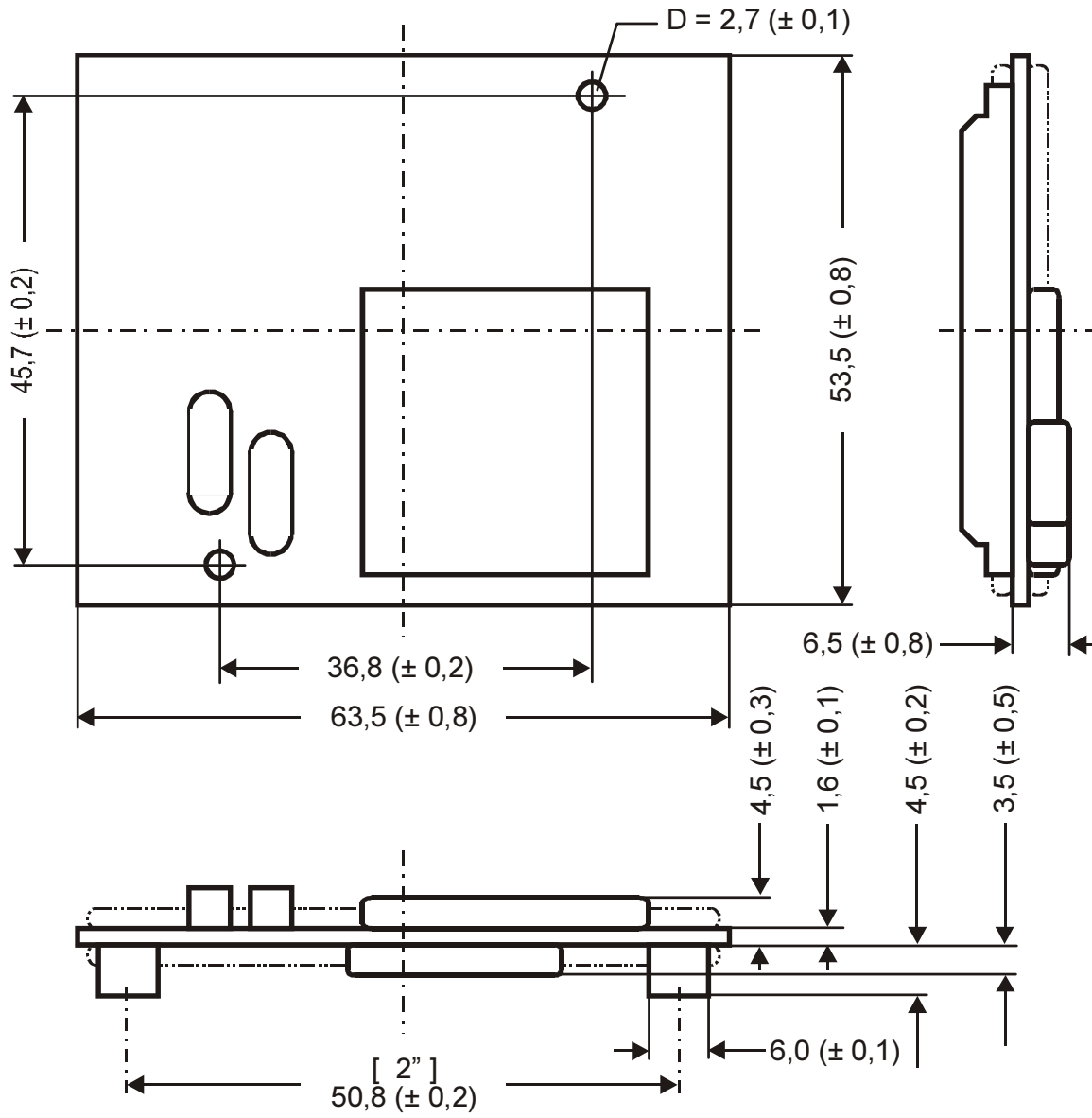
Functional operation should be restricted to recommended operation conditions.

Parameter	Symbol	Rated Value			Units	Remarks
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power supply voltage	VCC	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
Analog power supply voltage	AVCC	0		VCC	V	
Analog reference voltage	AVREF			VCC	V	
Battery Voltage	VRTC	2.7	3.0	3.7	V	
Power supply current	I _{CC}		180		mA	All inputs V _{IL} or V _{IH} All outputs open
Input H voltage	V _{IH}	0.8 * VCC		VCC + 0.3	V	
Input L voltage	V _{IL}	VSS – 0.3		0.2 * VCC	V	
Output H voltage	V _{OH}	VCC – 0.5			V	I _{OH} =
Output L voltage	V _{OL}			0.4	V	I _{OL} =
Input leakage current	I _{LKC}	-5		5	uA	
Crystal frequency	f _{osc}				MHz	
Reset pulse width	t _{res}	100			us	
Power on rise time	t _{RESLH}	0.05		60	ms	
Maximum Power dissipation	P _{MAX}				mW	
Operating temperature	TA	0		+70	°C	Standard Module
	TA	-40		+105	°C	On request

Pinning



Mechanical Dimensions



Package type: FBESmartModule

Ordering Information

Part Number	Part Name	Description	Temp. Range
PLC Core Module			
EZ00000.1387.01	EASY242-64-4	EASY242 PLC Core Module standard temperature range	0°C .. 70°C
Evaluation Board			
EZ00000.1370.01	EASY21x/23x-EVA/FCI	Evaluation board to use with EASY242 PLC core module FCI SMD connector type	0°C .. 70°C
SMD connector for application board			
EZ00000.0173.01	M167-CON9/FCI	SMD-Connector FCI PCB to PCB distance 9 mm 2 pieces needed	
EZ00000.0174.01	M167-CON5/FCI	SMD-Connector FCI PCB to PCB distance 5 mm 2 pieces needed	
Development Environment			
EZ00000.7060.01	CoDeSys-CD	Software development tool for IEC 61131 programming	

Attention please!

All rights reserved.

The information herein is given to describe certain components and shall not be considered as warranted characteristics. Terms of delivery and all rights to technical changes are reserved.

We hereby disclaim any and all warranties, including but not limited to warranties of non-infringement, regarding circuits, descriptions and charts stated herein.

The electronic product described in this document is designed, developed and manufactured as contemplated for general use, including without limitation, ordinary industrial use, general office use, personal use, and household use, but is not designed, developed and manufactured for use in applications accompanying fatal risks or dangers that, could have a serious effect to the public, and could lead to death, personal injury, severe physical damage or other loss (i.e. nuclear reaction control in nuclear facility, aircraft flight control, air traffic control, mass transport control, medical life support system, missile launch or flight control or in weapon system).
The product is not designed, developed and manufactured for applications requiring extremely high reliability (i.e. submersible repeater and artificial satellites).

Please note that frenzel + berg electronic GmbH & Co.KG will not be liable against you and/or any third party for any claims or damages arising in connection with above-mentioned uses of the products.

Any electronic products and/or semiconductor devices have an inherent chance of failure. You must protect against injury, damage or loss from such failures by incorporating safety design measures into your application, facility and equipment such as redundancy, fire protection, and prevention of over-current levels and other abnormal operating conditions.

The product includes run time licenses for CODESYS PLC and VISU for international use, but the product is not licensed for usage in the United States of America (USA).
The product described herein is not UL rated.

Table of Contents

General Description	1
PLC.....	1
CANopen.....	1
Visualization.....	1
Communication.....	1
Interrupt.....	1
I/O and special features.....	1
You need more ??.....	1
Features	2
PLC features.....	2
CANopen features.....	2
VISU features.....	2
Bus Interface.....	2
Interrupt features.....	2
Encoder Interface.....	2
Serial Interfaces.....	3
Additional features.....	3
Customer features.....	3
Pin Assignment	4
Pin Listing	4
Pin Description	7
RESET#: Reset input/output pin.....	7
IN0.0 to IN2.7: Input pins.....	7
AN0 to AN7: Analog Inputs.....	7
ENC0 to ENC3: Incremental encoder channels.....	7
OUT0.0 to OUT1.7: Digital output pins.....	7
WDO: Watchdog Output.....	7
PWM0 to PWM1: Pulse wide modulation.....	7
IRQ0 to IRQ3, IRQ8 to IRQ15: External interrupt request inputs.....	7
NMI#: Non mask able interrupt inputs.....	7
D0 to D15 / A0 to A19: data / address lines.....	7
RD#, WRL#, WRH#: Read write control lines.....	7
CSx: Chip select lines.....	8
External bus unit.....	8
FU#: Firmware Update.....	8
RS232T0, RS232R0: Programming Interface.....	8
RS232T1, RS232R1: Serial interface 1.....	9
TXDx, RXDx: Serial interface 2 to 4.....	9
MRST, MTSR, SCLK: High-Speed Synchronous Serial Interface.....	9
CANH, CANL CAN Interface.....	9
Jumper-Setting	10
Memory	10
Handling the Device	10
Preventing latch up.....	10
Handling of unused Pins.....	10
Power Supply Pins.....	10
Output pins.....	10
Pull up/down resistors.....	10
Development Environment	11
Absolute Maximum Ratings	12
Recommended Operation Conditions and Characteristics	12

CO4011

Single Chip CANopen Controller

PRELIMINARY

Pinning	13
Mechanical Dimensions	14
Ordering Information.....	15
Attention please!.....	15
Table of Contents	16